



Building Envelope Inspection

How to Manage Risk and Reduce Liability

Atlanta Workplace
Georgia International Convention Center
Friday February 28, 2020

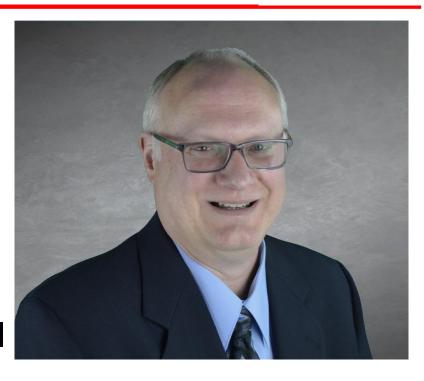
Learning Objectives

- Façade Inspection
 - Why
 - Behavior
 - Inspection
 - Reporting

Innovative Engineering, Inc.



- Scott L. Weiland PE
 - BSCE University of Michigan
 - Graduate Studies:
 - San Jose State University
 - Georgia Institute of Technology
 - Level I sUAS Thermographer
 - Articles:
 - Structure Magazine Building Façade Inspection Part I & II
 - Georgia Engineer Building façade Inspection Part I & II
 - AIA Design Equilibrium Building Façade Inspection
 - BOMA Georgia Insight magazine Falling Building Façade Closes Atlanta Streets



Innovative Engineering, Inc.



- Trey Thomas PE
 - BSCET, Southern Polytechnic State University
 - 15 Years in Design and Restoration Engineering
 - Co-author of Forensic articles
 - OSHA Qualified Fall Protection Engineer
 - OSHA Competent Person for Boom & Scissor Lifts
 - SPRAT Level 2 Rope Access Technician
 - FAA Part 107 Remote Pilot Certificate
 - FAA Part 107 Daylight Waiver
 - Level I Thermographer
 - Expert estimator (within 5% of actual)



Innovative Engineering, Inc.



Keith Brasher PE SE

BSCE Mississippi State University

MSCE Georgia Institute of Technology

Roofing Consultants Institute Certification



Façade Collapse - Cleveland



- 2015
- Father & 4
 Boys had just left car parked 10 minutes before to have dinner.
- High Winds Blamed

Midtown Façade Collapse - Atlanta



- 2016 Façade
 Collapse
- Woman Transported to Grady
- People Trapped Inside

Façade Cornice Collapse – 2017 Atlanta Sidewalk

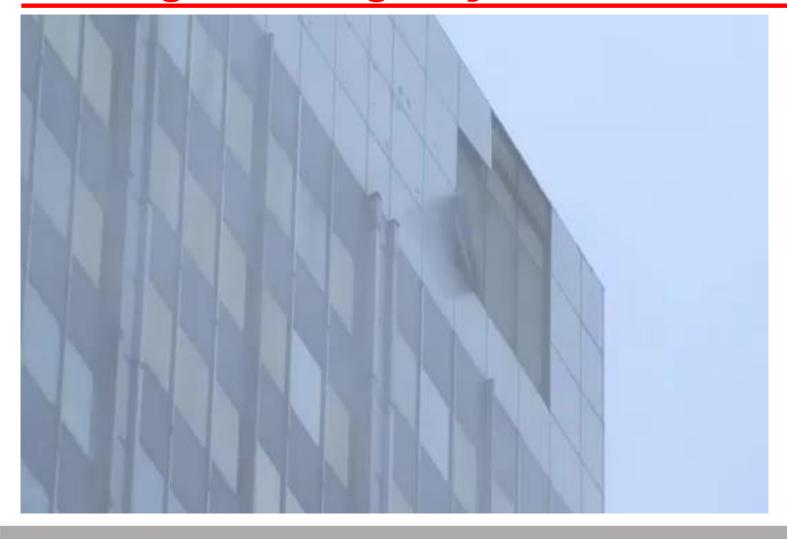


Fall Building Façade Closes Atlanta Streets





Falling Building Façade Closes Atlanta Streets



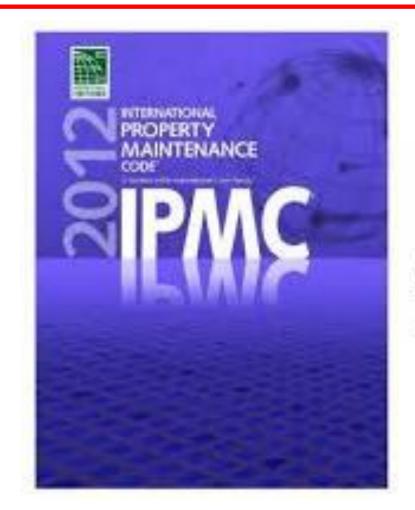
- 2017 34 Story Building
- Basis of Façade Article

Façade Ordinances



- New York, NY
- Columbus, OH
- Boston, MA
- Chicago, IL
- Milwaukee, WI
- Detroit, MI
- Pittsburg, PA
- St. Louis, MO
- Philadelphia, PA
- Cleveland, OH
- Cincinnati, OH
- San Francisco, CA

The International Property Maintenance Code



SECTION 304 EXTERIOR STRUCTURE

304.1 General. The exterior of a structure shall be maintained in good repair, structurally sound and sanitary so as not to pose a threat to the public health, safety or welfare.

Purpose of Façade & Building Envelope

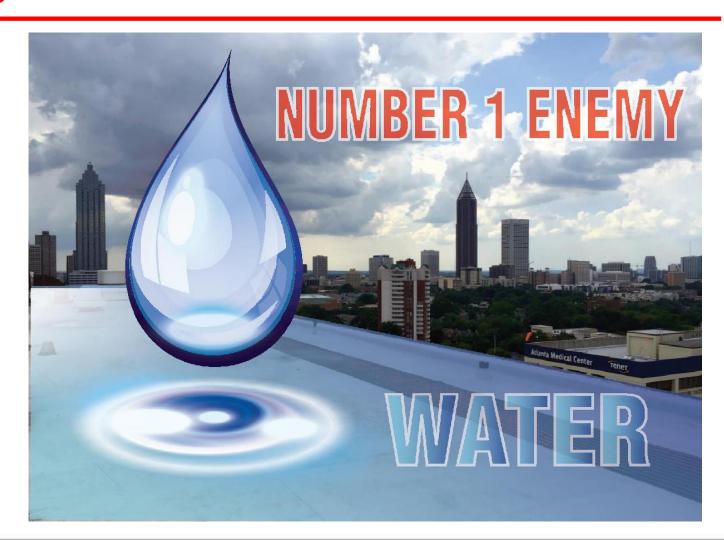


- Structural resistance to wind, seismic & gravity loads.
- Environmental protection from the elements, including moisture & temperature.
- Architectural appearance and aesthetics.

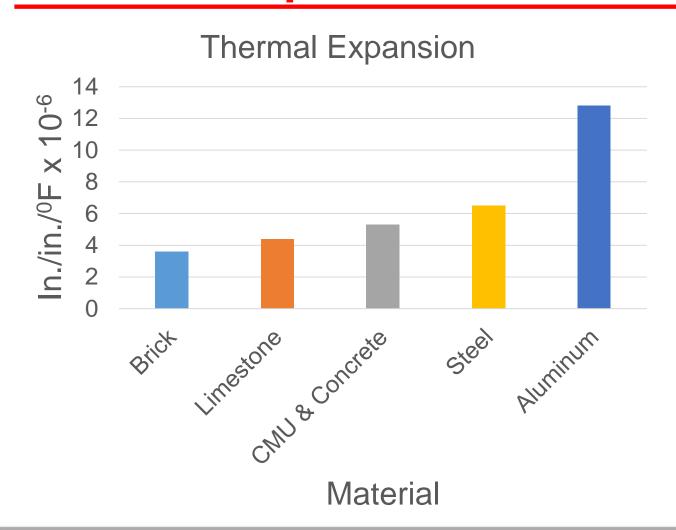
Source of Deficiencies

Movement of Materials

- Thermal
- Moisture
- Elastic Deformation
- Creep
- Other
 - Impact Damage
 - Lightning Strike
- Natural Aging
- Leakage
 - Roofing
 - Walls

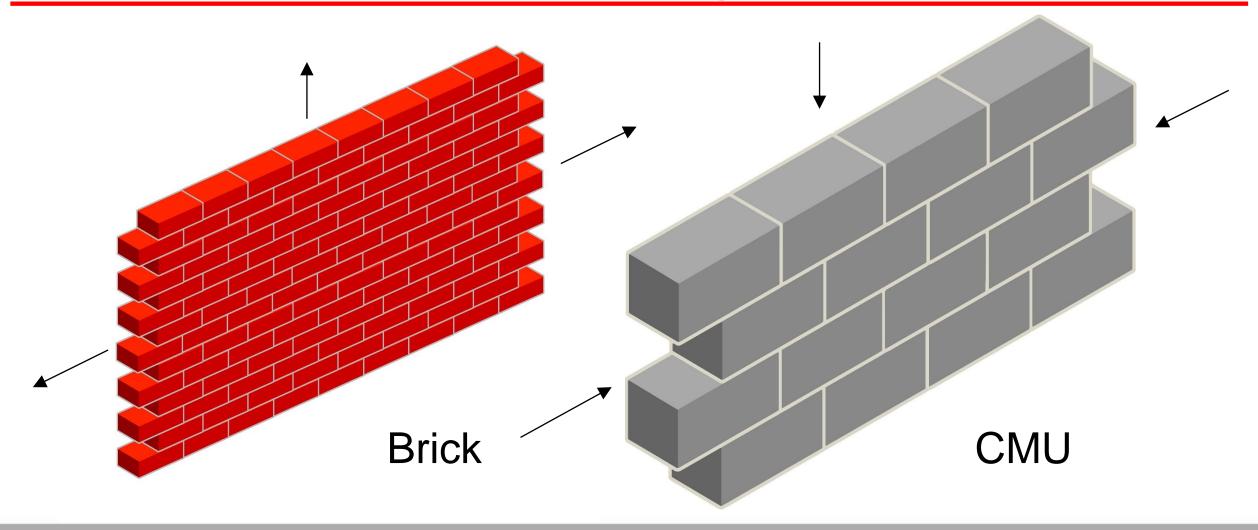


Thermal Expansion

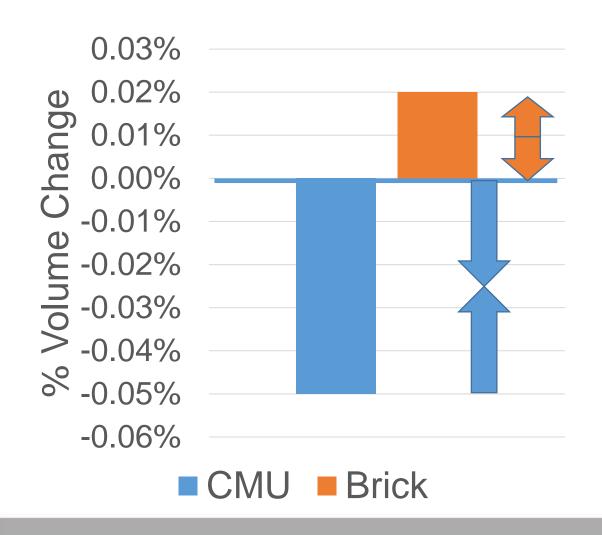


Material	in./in./ ⁰ F x 10 ⁻⁶
Wood	
Pine (parellel to grain)	3.0
Pine (perpendicular to grain)	19.0
Masonry	
Brick	3.6
Limestone	4.4
Granite	4.7
Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU)	5.2
Marble	7.3
Concrete	
Concrete (Normal Weight)	5.5
Metals	
Steel	6.5
Copper	9.3
Aluminum	12.8
Finishes	
Glass	5.0
Gypsum Plaster, Sand	7.0
Gypsum Board	9.0

Moisture – Expansion/Shrinkage



Moisture – Volume Change



Brick (& Terra Cotta)

- Smallest after fired
- Expands as absorbs moisture

CMU (& Concrete)

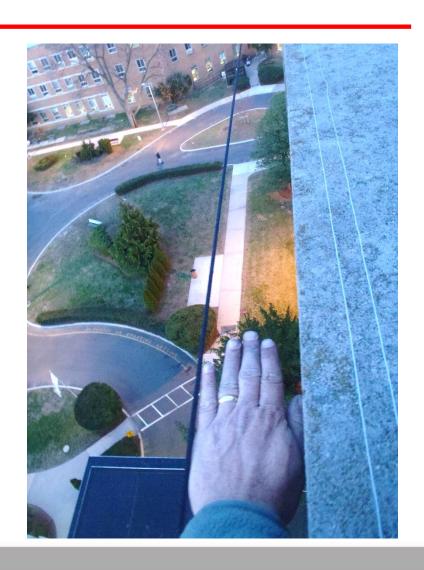
- Largest after cast
- Shrinks from Hydration & Evaporation

Thermal Expansion - Parapet





Bond Break at Roof Line



Movement of Materials – Thermal Expansion

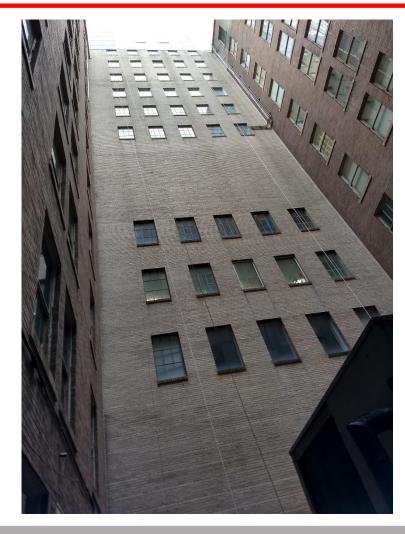


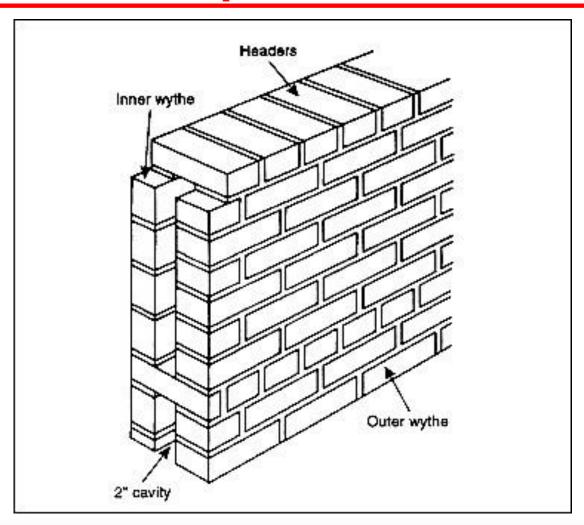
No Expansion Joints



Creates Hinge at Corner

Movement of Materials – Thermal Expansion





Movement of Materials – Thermal





Moisture – Corrosion Expansion



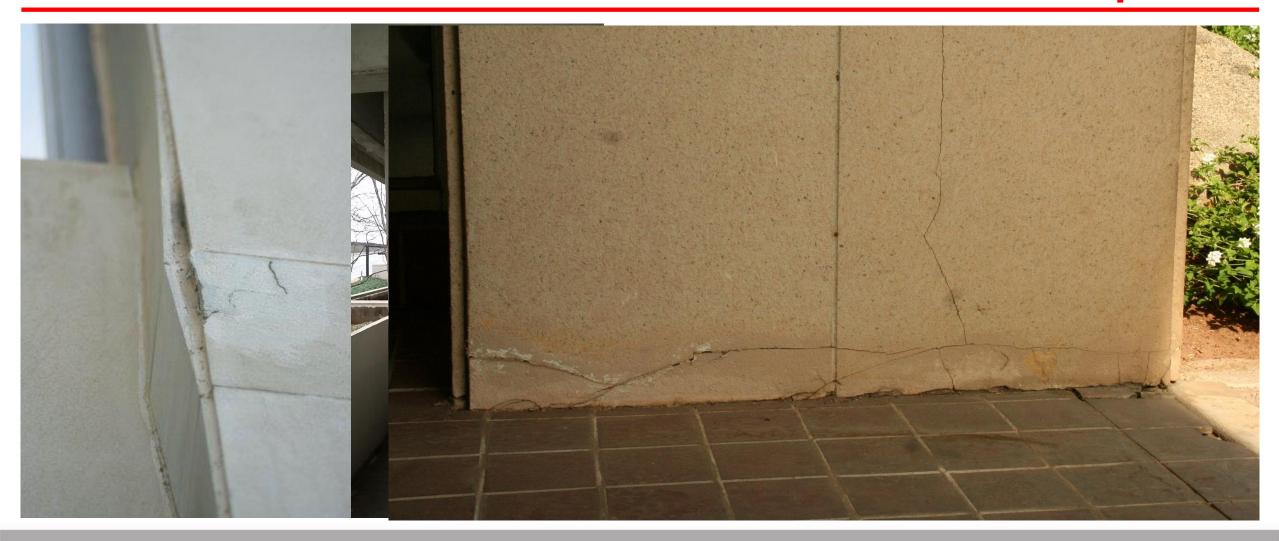


Moisture – Moisture Expansion & Freeze Thaw

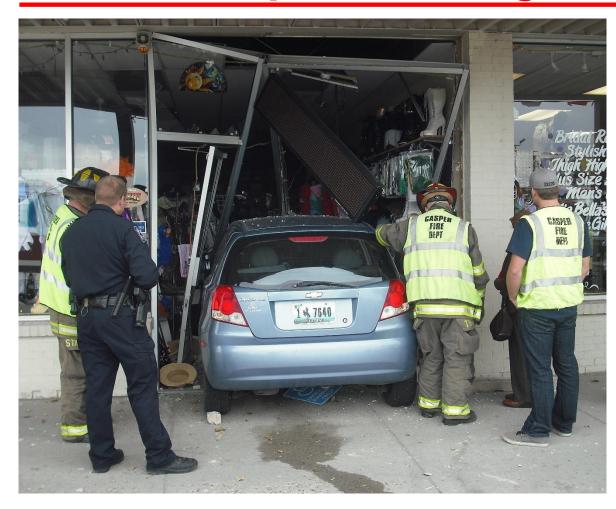


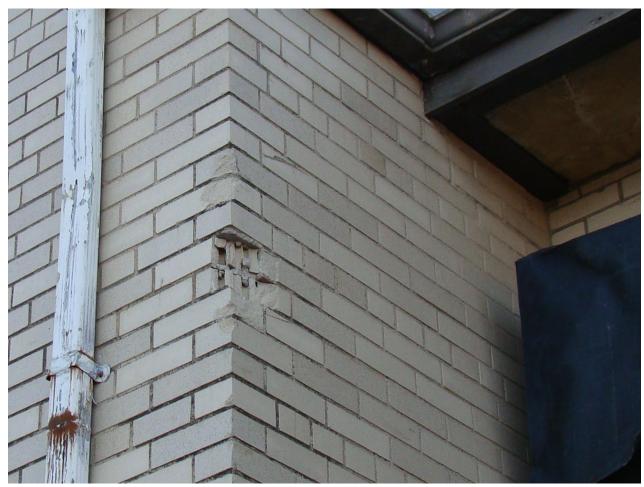


Movement of Materials – Elastic Deformation & Creep



Other – Impact Damage



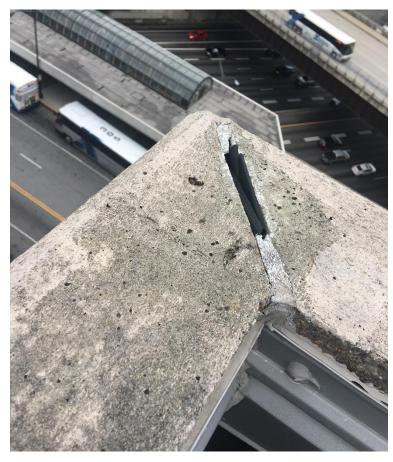


Other - Lightning Strike





Watertight Integrity - Natural Aging



Sealants



Roofing/Flashing

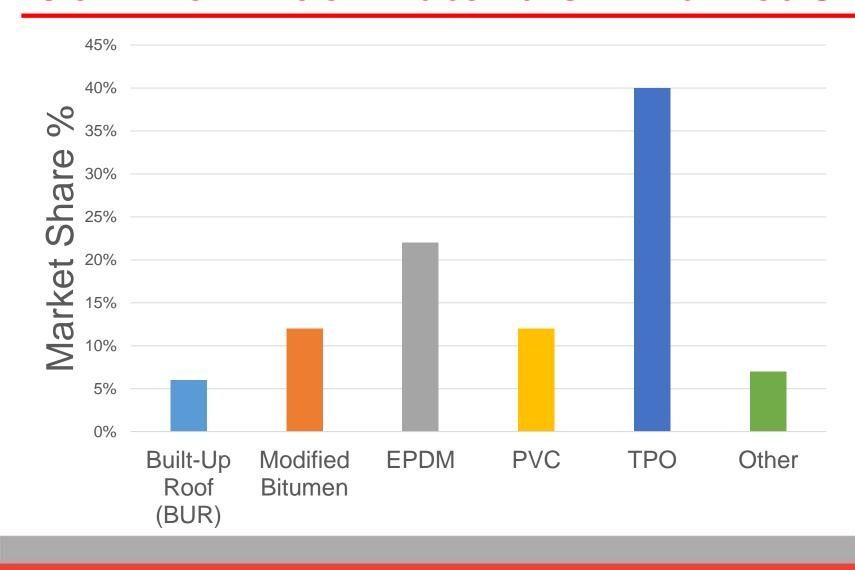
Watertight Integrity – Roof Drainage



Ponding > 48 Hours

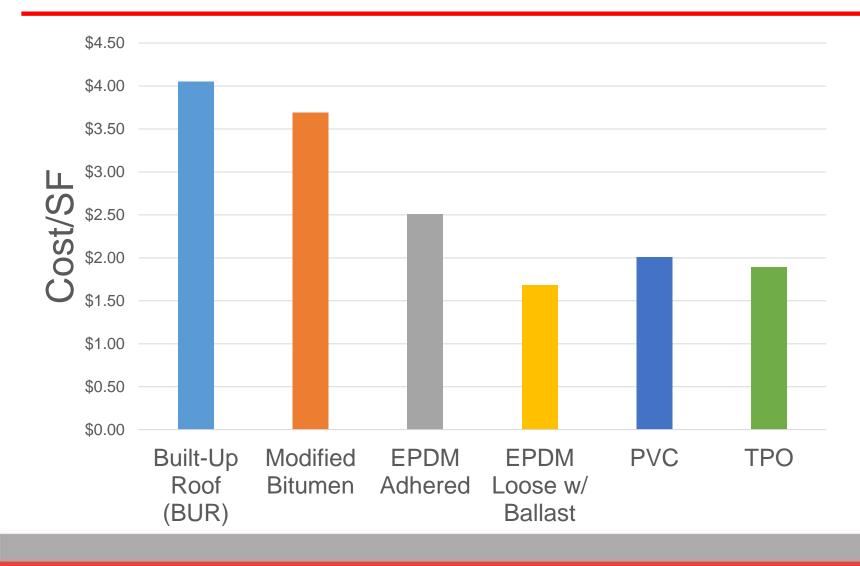
- Ponding: Most common factor in roofing failure
- Water Shedding: Can make for shortcomings in design, construction, durability, & maintenance.
- Degradation: Asphalt & Polymeric materials
- Freezing: Erodes surface aggerate
- Voids: Manufacturers warranty

Common Roof Materials – Market Share



- Built-Up Roof (BUR)
- Modified Bitumen
- EPDM
- PVC
- TPO
- Other

Common Roof Materials – Cost Data



- Built-Up Roof (BUR)
- Modified Bitumen
- EPDM
- PVC
- TPO
- Other

Built-Up Roofing (BUR)



Blistering



Slippage

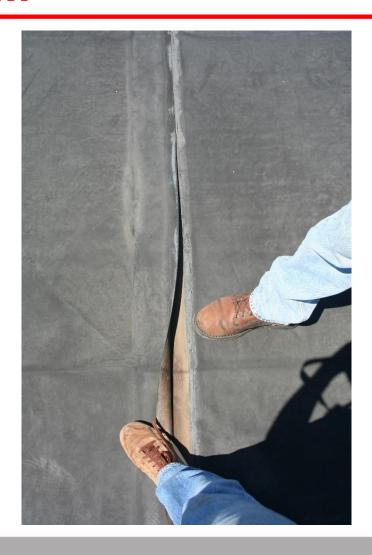
- Blistering
- Splits
- Ridging/ Wrinkling
- Slippage

Modified Bitumen



- Defective Lap Seams
- Shrinkage
- Checking
- Blistering
- Delamination
- Slippage
- Spitting

EPDM



- Lap-Seam Failure
- Flashing
- Other Common Problems 8%
 - Puncture
 - Shrinkage
 - Wind Uplift
- Minor Problems @<3%
 - Fastening
 - Blistering
 - Embrittlement

PVC



- Embrittlement
- Puncture

Photo by RCI

TPO

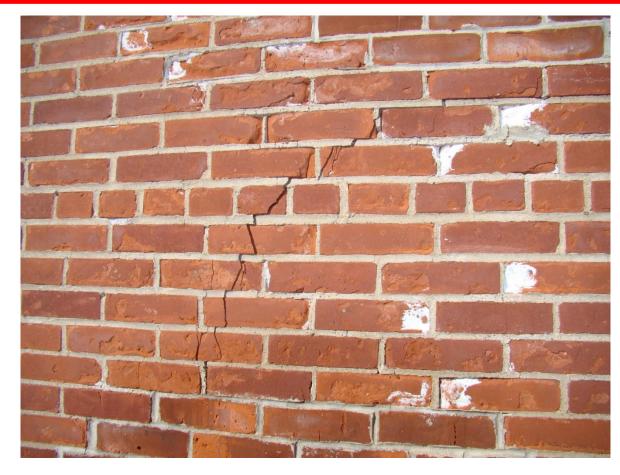


Image by RCI

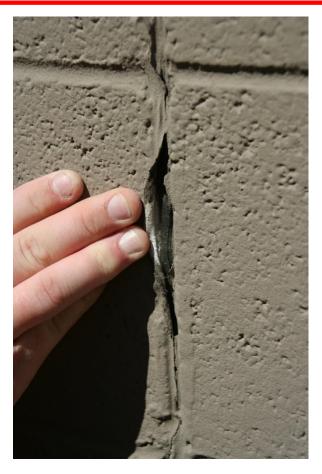
Premature Aging

- Erosion of Top Surface
- Small Holes/Slits
- Cracking
- Separation
- Seam Failures
- Newest Roofing Material

Watertight Integrity - Wall



Cracks



Failed Sealant

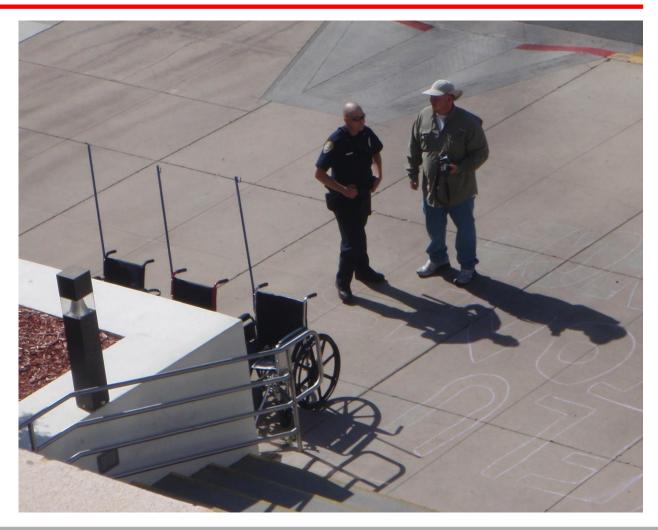
Façade/Envelope Inspection Procedure



- User interviews
- Document Research
- General Inspection
- Detailed Inspection
- Watertight Integrity
- Classifying Deficiencies
- Reporting
- Estimating

General Inspection – Binoculars & Camera





General Inspection - Drones



Detailed Inspection



Boom Lift

Rope Access

Bore Scope – Brick Veneer





Crack Gauges

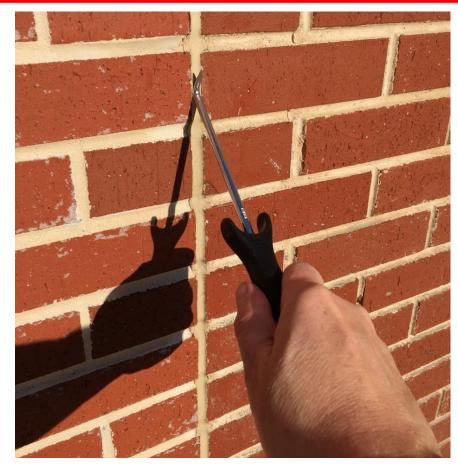


Dynamic



Static

Water Tightness - Probing



Sealants



Roof Seams

Watertight Integrity - Finding a Leak

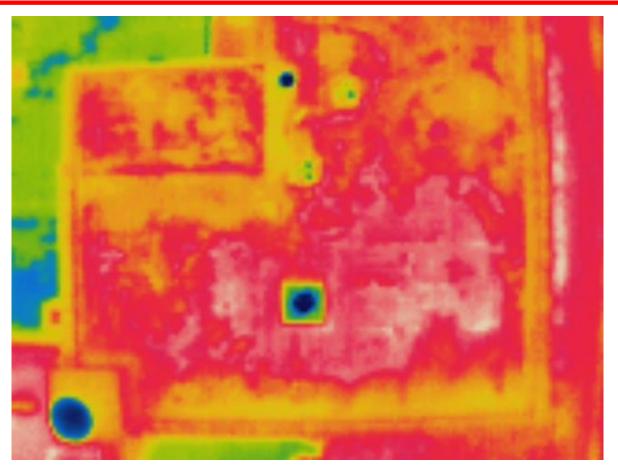


 Easiest when someone finds it for you.

Water Tightness – Thermal Imaging



Red-Green-Blue (RGB)



Infrared (IR)

Water Tightness - Verification



Impedance Meter

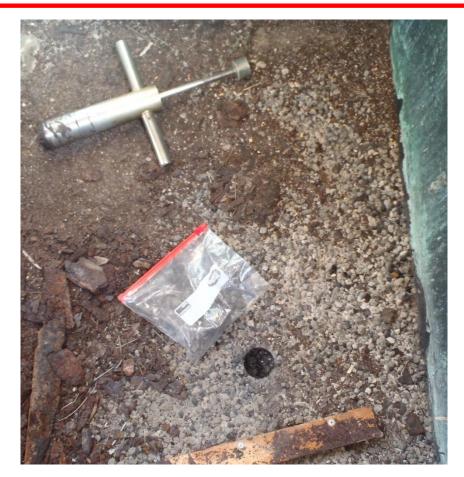


Pin-Type Meter

Water Tightness - Verification



Roofing Core



Sample

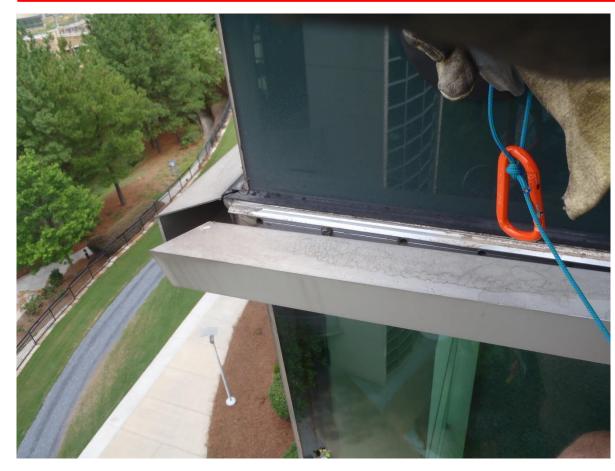
Reporting

- Project Information
- General Building Description
 - Original Construction
 - Renovations
 - Additions
- General Building Condition
- Findings & Recommendations by Deficiency level
- Detailed Description of Building Structural, Façade & Waterproofing Systems
- Building Footprint w/ Deficiencies
- Elevation Photos
- Methods Used to Conduct Investigation
- Detailed Findings & Recommendations w/ Plans, Elevations, & Photos
- Estimate

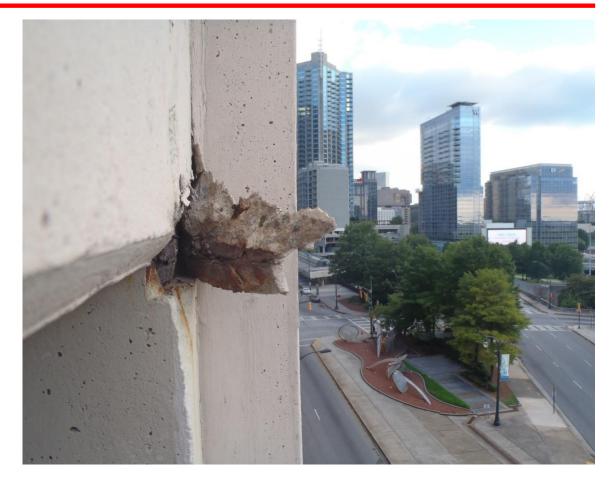
Classification of Deficiencies

- Level F: Structurally Unstable
- Level D: Will Become Structurally Unstable
- Level B: Acceptable Condition

Level F Deficiency

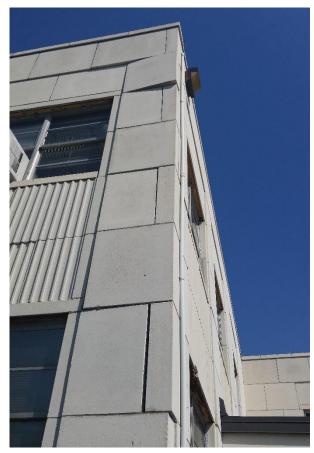


Loose Mullion Covers



Concrete Spalls

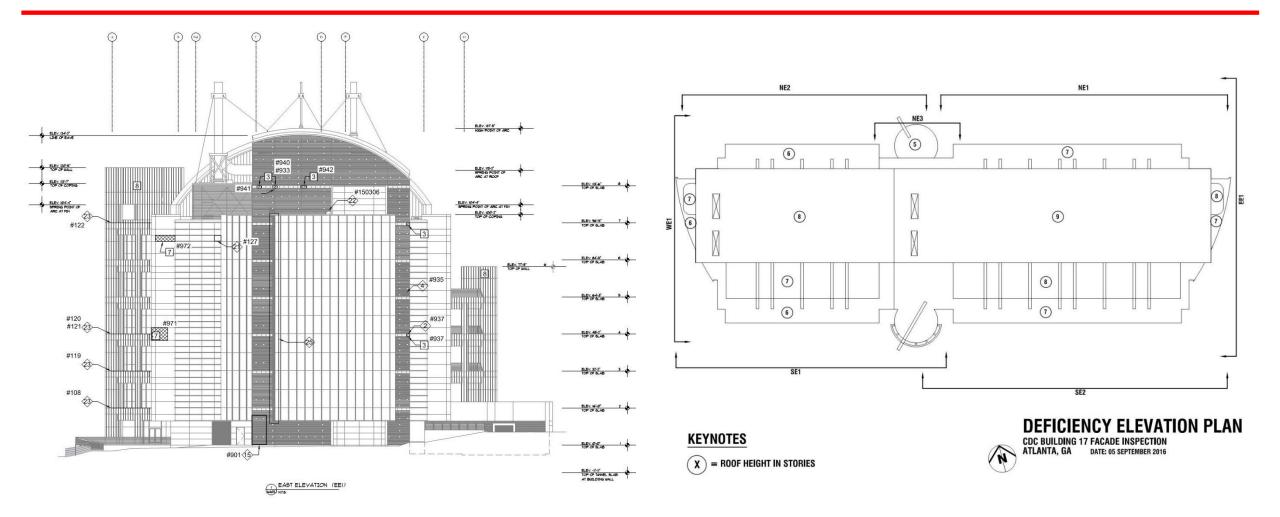
Level D & B Deficiency



Level D: Loose Stone Panels Level

Level B: Failed Sealant

Elevation & Plan Views - Annotated



Final Report



FINAL ASSESSMENT REPORT EXTERIOR BUILDING INSPECTION CDC BUILDING 21 ATLANTA, GA



Exterior Building Inspection GARO0021 18 April 2019 Assessment Report CDC Project Number: P20171437

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Atlanta, GA

- Permanent Document
- Findings
- Repair Recommendations
- Estimated Costs
- Additional Investigation Suggested

Learning Objectives

- Façade Inspection
 - Why
 - Behavior
 - Inspection Process
 - Reporting

Questions?

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